# Decarbonizing Institutional Investor Portfolios

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#### Motivation

 In order to limit global warming to well below 2°C, decarbonization on a massive scale is going to be required

#### This paper:

 Ask a series of questions related to the carbon emissions profiles of institutional investors' equity portfolios

### Overview and preview of results

- 1. Are institutional investors decarbonizing their public equity portfolios?
  - → Yes, by about 4-6 percent per annum on average (between 2005-2019)
- 2. What is the role of investor-led climate initiatives (e.g., CDP or Climate Action 100+)
  - a. Do investors from these initiatives (i.e., "climate-conscious" investors) have better carbon footprints?
  - b. Are they decarbonizing faster?
    - → Yes, climate-conscious investors tend to have better carbon footprints and also decarbonize faster
- 3. How are institutional investors decarbonizing? Are they a.) tilting or b.) using shareholder engagement?
  - → Tilting appears to be the predominant approach; but also some evidence of shareholder engagement (in particular in later periods of the sample)
- 4. (Are institutional investors going beyond carbon emissions and helping achieve a green transition by investing in firms with green revenues and patents?)
  - → Climate-conscious investors tilt portfolios to firms generating higher green revenues, but not more green patents

#### Data and methods

#### • Data:

- Combine global institutional investor equity holdings with firm-level GHG emissions (period 2005-2019)
  - Factset: institutional equity holdings
  - S&P Trucost: GHG emissions and disclosure

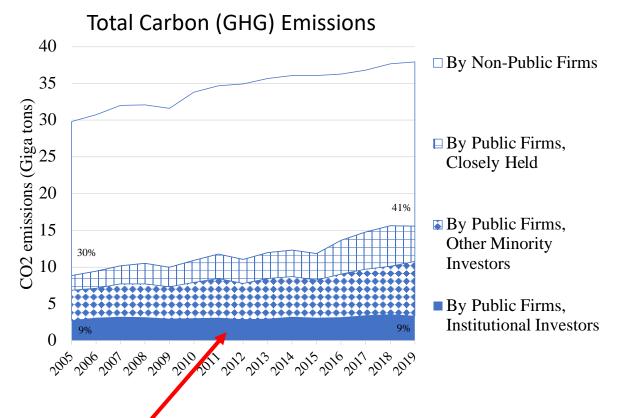
#### Methods:

- Calculate four portfolio-level carbon measures
  - e.g., Portfolio average Scope 1 emissions, Average Scope 1 intensity, Scope 1 footprint (total Scope 1 emissions "owned" by investor), etc.
- Examine levels and changes of these portfolio carbon measures

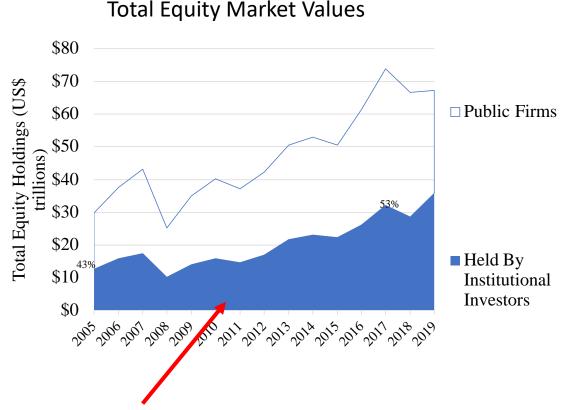
#### Outline

- Are institutional investors decarbonizing their public equity portfolios?
- 2. What is the role of investor-led climate initiatives such as CDP or Climate Action 100+
  - a. Do investors who are part of these initiatives (i.e., "climate-conscious" investors) have better carbon footprints?
  - b. Are they decarbonizing faster?
- 3. How are institutional investors decarbonizing?
  - a. Are they using tilting, engagement, or both?

# Are institutional investors decarbonizing? A first pass using aggregate data

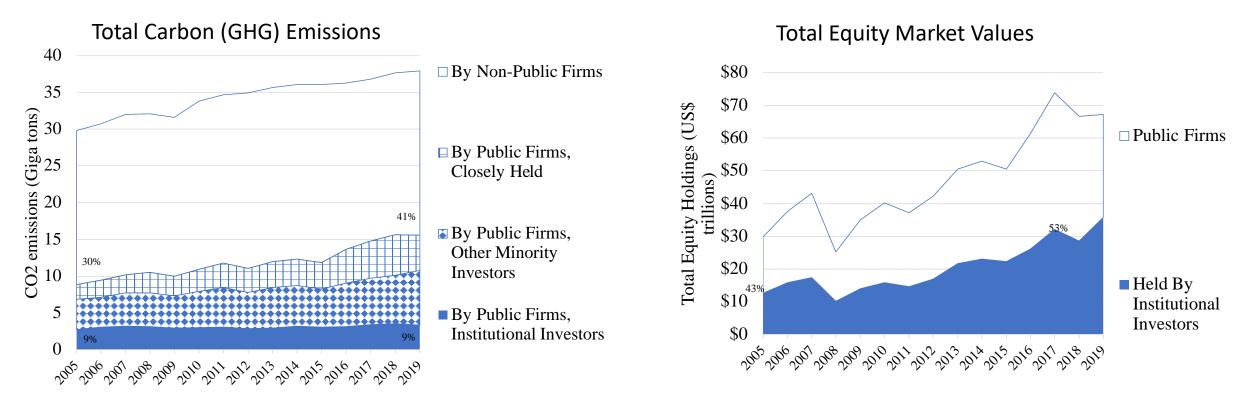






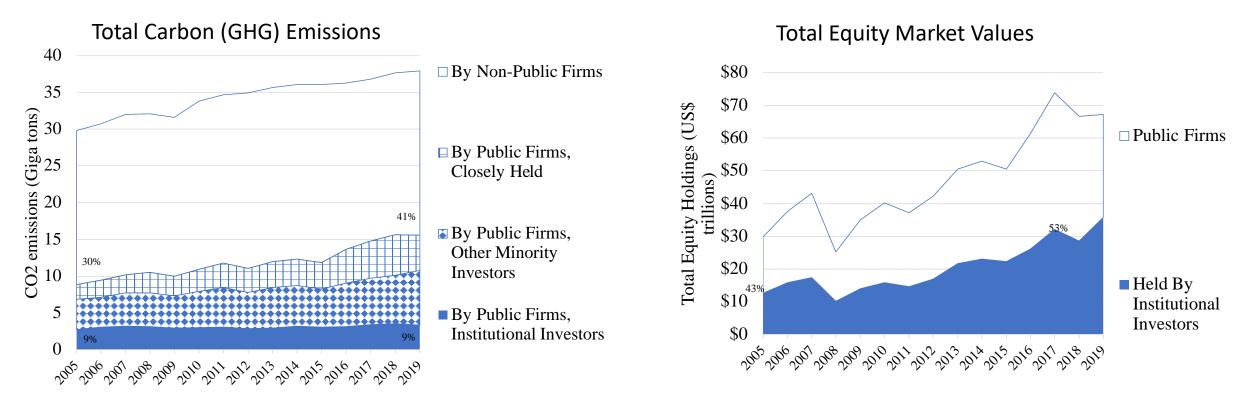
This occurs despite total equity holdings of institutional investors growing from 43% to 53%

# Are institutional investors decarbonizing? A first pass using aggregate data



Crude approximation: institutional investors' portion of aggregate GHG emissions should have grown proportionately from 9% to 15% if no decarbonization

# Are institutional investors decarbonizing? A first pass using aggregate data



#### Institutional investors are decarbonizing

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#### Climate-conscious institutional investors

#### • 2005+: CDP initiative

- founded in 2000 as the Carbon Disclosure Project
- Disclosure-focused: firm questionnaire (GHG emissions and targets) sent to over 13,000 companies in 2021
- List of investor signatories (623 with \$20tn Equity AuM in 2019)

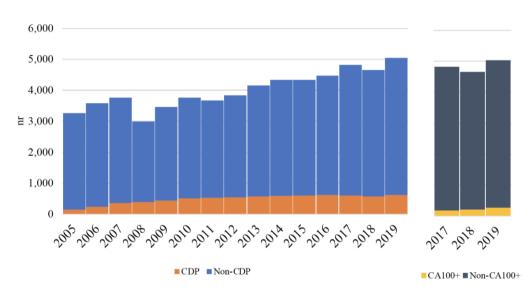


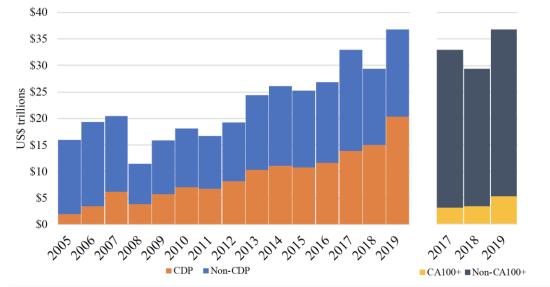
- 2017+: Climate Action 100+ (CA100+)
  - Post-2015 Paris Agreement
  - Engagement-focused to accelerate the net-zero emissions transition, work with the top 100 largest emitters (now top 167)
  - List of investor signatories (268 with \$5tn Equity Aum in 2019)

## Climate-conscious institutional investors (contd.)

Nr of Institutional Investors

**US\$ Institutional Investor Equity Holdings** 













## Four portfolio-level carbon emissions measures

#### Internal

#### External

$$\frac{\text{Post}}{\text{Post}} = \sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt}} \left( \frac{\$ Shares \, Held_{ijt}}{\$ \, Portfolio \, Size_{it}} \right) * Scope \, 1 \, GHG \, Emissions_{jt}$$

$$Scope \ 1 \ Footprint_{it}$$
 
$$= \sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt}} \left( \frac{\$ \ Shares \ Held_{ijt}}{\$ \ Market \ Cap_{jt}} \right) * Scope \ 1 \ GHG \ Emissions_{jt}$$

$$Scope 1 / Revenue_{it}$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt}} \left( \frac{\$ Shares Held_{ijt}}{\$ Portfolio Size_{it}} \right) * \frac{Scope 1 GHG Emissions_{jt}}{Revenue_{jt}}$$

$$Scope 1 footprint/ Portfolio Size_{it}$$

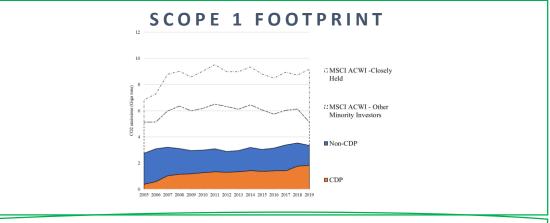
$$= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt}} \left(\frac{\$ Shares \ Held_{ijt}}{\$ Market \ Cap_{jt}}\right) * Scope 1 \ GHG \ Emissions_{jt}}{Portfolio \ Size_{it}}$$

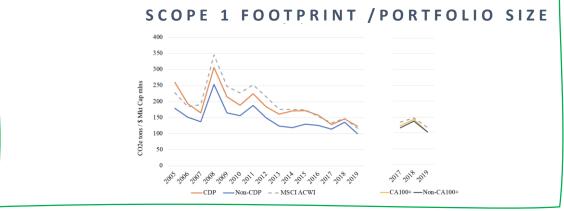
# Absolute

## Portfolio decarbonization by climate-conscious institutional investors

Internal External







## Portfolio decarbonization by climate-conscious institutional investors (contd.)

Q2.a: Do climate-conscious investors hold *portfolios with lower emissions*?

```
log(Portfolio\ emissions\ metric)_{it} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + \varepsilon_{it}
```

- Table 3 (Levels): Partially for Scope 1; 7.1% lower emissions (*Scope 1*) and 4.2% lower emissions intensity (*Scope1/Revenue*)
  - but only after we include investment style controls, and/or investor FE

Q2.b: Do climate-conscious investors decarbonize faster?

```
\Delta log (Portfolio emissions metric)_{it} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + \varepsilon_{it}
```

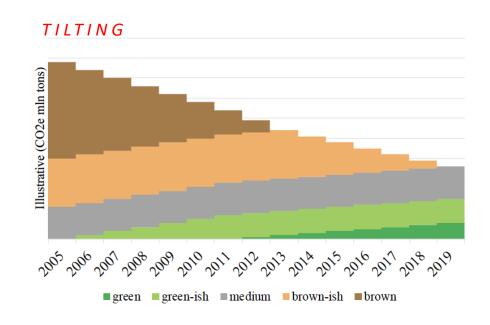
• Table 4 (Changes): Partially for Scope 1 Changes; Decarbonize emissions intensity (*Scope1/Revenue*) and *Scope 1 Footprint* by about 1.4 to 3 percentage points more

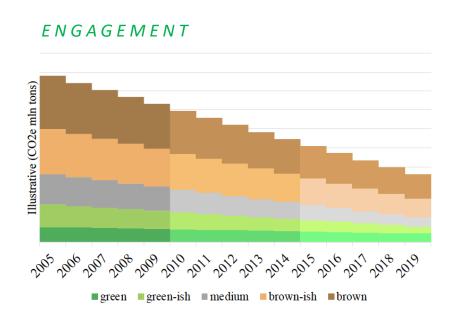
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## Portfolio decarbonization can be achieved by Tilting or Engagement

- Tilting: reduce stakes in the top GHG emitters and rebalancing towards lower GHG emitters
- Engagement: engage with portfolio companies to reduce GHG emissions

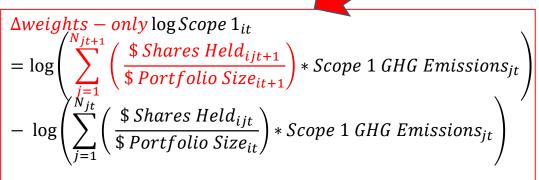




## Decomposing portfolio emission changes

 $= \log \left( \sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt+1}} \left( \frac{\$ Shares \ Held_{ijt+1}}{\$ \ Portfolio \ Size_{it+1}} \right) * Scope \ 1 \ GHG \ Emissions_{jt+1} \right)$   $- \log \left( \sum_{j=1}^{N_{jt}} \left( \frac{\$ Shares \ Held_{ijt}}{\$ \ Portfolio \ Size_{it}} \right) * Scope \ 1 \ GHG \ Emissions_{jt} \right)$ 

#### **TILTING**



#### **ENGAGEMENT**

## Tilting versus engagement

Q3.a: Tilt vs. Engage - How do climate conscious investors decarbonize?

```
\Delta weights — only Portfolio emissions metric_{it+1} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + \varepsilon_{it}

\Delta emissions — only Portfolio emissions metric_{it+1} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + \varepsilon_{it}
```

- Table 5: CDP investors are tilting ( $\triangle$  weights) across all measures but Scope 1 footprint/portfolio size, suggesting that they predominantly use tilting
  - Little evidence of engagement by CDP investors
- Table 6: European investors *tilting* ( $\triangle$  *weights*) stronger across all measures
  - we add a CDP \* Europe dummy

### Engagement

Q3.b: Any evidence of *engagement* by climate-conscious investors?

```
\Delta Portfolio emissions metric, Top 100 _{it} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + <math>\varepsilon_{it} 
 \Delta3yr Portfolio emissions metric _{it} = a + b * CDP_{it} + c * Controls_{it} + FEffects + <math>\varepsilon_{it} 
 \Delta Portfolio emissions metric _{it+1} = a + b * only CDP_{it} + c * only Climate Action 100 + <math>d * CDP * Climate Action 100 + e * Controls_{it} + FEffects + \varepsilon_{it}
```

- Table 7: Do investors engage with the **Top 100 emitting firms**?
  - Evidence of engagement with respect to Top 100 emitting firms (all measures but Emissions intensity)
- Table 8: If engagement takes longer, is there evidence over the longer term (3 years)?
  - Evidence of engagement over longer term (across the external measures: absolute and relative footprint)
- Table 9: Is there engagement after Paris 2016 (by Climate Action 100+ investors)?
  - Evidence of engagement for institutions part of CA100+ initiative (across the external measures)

#### Conclusion

- Institutional investors actively decarbonized their equity portfolios between 2005 and 2019
- Tilting is the predominant strategy used by CDP signatory institutions (especially European investors)
- Some evidence that engagement is also used:
  - restricting to holdings of top 100 emitting firms
  - examining longer term changes in portfolio emissions
  - examining members of the Climate Action 100+ initiative (i.e., post Paris)
- However, (1) Predominant use of tilting and (2) much of total carbon emissions
  occurring outside of the control of institutional investors raises doubts about the
  effectiveness of institutional investors in reducing the negative impact of firmlevel carbon emissions on global warming

## Thank you for your attention.